

TIN TIN

Kurdish (Eastern Turkey)

PRONUNCIATION: TEEN TEEN

TRANSLATION: Tiny tiny

SOURCE: Dick Oakes learned this dance from Frances Ajoian who learned it in the Armenian community of Fresno, California, in the 1950s and taught it in California. Tom Bozigian learned it in the early 1960s from Jimmy Haboian of Detroit, Michigan, and taught it during his early teaching tours in the United States. John Filcich taught the dance at the 1970 California Kolo Festival.

BACKGROUND: Tin Tin is taken from the title of the song "Tin Tin Tini Mini Hanim," which refers to the "pretty little lady" about whom the song is sung. It is a variant of the "Halay" that is danced by the Kurdish population of Eastern Turkey. Jimmy Haboian learned the dance from the Kurdish minority of Detroit in his youth. A more recent Armenian variant, simply called "Teen," is also popular.

Latif Bolat, one of the most well-known Turkish musicians in the U.S., remembers the tune from his own childhood, although he had never witnessed anyone dancing to the tune in any of the village weddings that he attended. He says that the Halay style is generally from the Eastern Turkey but since it is in 2/4 time, it is easy to play and has been performed all over Turkey. The Turks were horseback riding people, so it is very understandable that a 2/4 dance or even musical styles are more wide spread than 9/8 or 6/8.

Latif also says that in the big picture of life, many immigrants make up dances to popular melodies but this is not really important. Who knows where these songs and dances were originated. Turks, Kurds, Armenians, Arabs, and Greeks have been living together for the past 1,000 years. They didn't pay much attention to the academics of keeping their traditions in a pure form. They just did whatever they needed to do to survive and enjoy life and that is how these cultures arrived in our own times.

MUSIC: Kef Time Las Vegas (LP) SH-100k, side 1, band 4;
"Tom Bozigian Presents Songs and Dances of the Armenian People - Vol II" (LP) GT-4001;
Festival (45rpm) FM-4007-A.

FORMATION: Dancers standing close together in lines of 5 to 6 dancers, fingers intermeshed, arms bent at elbows, shldr touching in an arm-lock hold.

METER/RHYTHM: 2/4

STEPS/STYLE: Leader may flourish a handkerchief in the R hand. The entire short line moves as a single unit.

MEAS

MOVEMENT DESCRIPTION

INTRODUCTION - Wait through musical interlude.

THE DANCE

- 1 Facing diag R and moving diag fwd, step R (ct 1); step L next to R (ct &); step R (ct 2);
- 2 Step L across in front of R, bending R knee (ct 1); with L still on floor, change wt to R and bounce twice (cts 2,&);

- 3 Step L, bending knee slightly (ct 1); bounce twice on L as R toe touches floor next to L (ct 2,&);
4 Step R in LOD (ct 1); bring L to R as R pivots to face ctr (ct 2);
5 Moving slightly diag bwd with each ct, pivot on R heel, turning toe diag R as wt changes to L (ct 1); pivot on L heel, turning toe diag L as wt changes to R (ct 2);
6-8 Repeat action of meas 5 three more times. On ct 2 of meas 8, close R to L without wt.

Repeat entire dance from beg.

TIN, TIN, TINI MINI HANIM
Kurdish (Eastern Turkey)

/ Tin tin tini mini hanım /	Oh my tiny little lady,
/ Seni seviyor canım. /	My very soul is in love with you.
/ Tin tin tini mini hanım /	Oh my tiny little lady,
/ Seni seviyor canım.	My very soul is in love with you.
/ Şeftali ağaçları. /	Peach trees are blooming
/ Güllü çiçek başları. /	With so many flowers.
/ Yaktıyandırdıbeni /	Her crescent eyebrows
/ Yarin hilâl kaşları. /	Burned me to ashes.
/ Bahçalarda ibrişah. /	In the gardens climbing vines
/ Boyu uzun, kendi şah. /	So very tall, so royal.
/ İki gönül bir olsa /	If two hearts entwined
/ Ayıramaz padişah. /	Even a sultan cannot separate them.